


What does generation mean in computer terms

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Many people have questions about the difference between sex and GÅ © Nero. The short answer is that sex is about biology, and the GENERO is about the identity of a person. Although recently there has been a growing awareness of non-binary genres, there is less awareness that sex does not necessarily adjust to a binary. People whose bodies can not be definitively classified as men or women at the time of birth are described as intersex or with differences or disorders of sexual differentiation. People who are born with clearly categorized bodies as men or women are described as Endosex. UBRAZON / GETTY images people who are born with physical characteristics clearly categorized as men or women. More specifically, if they are individuals XY, they are born with male genitals and internal structures. If they are XX individuals, they are born with female genitalia and internal structures. People whose bodies do not clearly conform to men's and social expectations of men or women are called intersex or have differences in sexual differentiation. This is different from being transgéñ. The Endosex / intersex refers to biology and body structures. Nero / Transgéñ refers to the identity of a person's GENERO and its internal sense of itself. Sexual difference occurs at various levels. The first and most basic level is on chromosomes or genes. Although he taught us that there are XX females and x and males, the truth is not so simple. There are people who have only one X chromosome (Xo, without a second X or one and), and those that have two X and one and (xxy), those that have additional copies of the chromosome and (xxy), and so on. Some people have chromosomal mosaicism, in which some of their cells have an employer and others have another. In addition, people may have the expected number of chromosomes, but may have additional copies of important for sexualityor copies that don't work. The second level of sexual differentiation refers to which types of gonads a person has. Do you have testicles that can produce testosterone and sperm? Do you have ovaries, which can produce estrogen and progesterone and produce eggs? Do you have structures that cannot be categorized clearly as ovaries or testicles? Don't you have any gonads at all or just what's known as striped gonads? The final level of sexual differentiation is anatomical. This refers to the structures with which people are born, and there may be a substantial variation even in people who have expected chromosomes and gonads. For example, the gland can be small, with a urethra at the base (usually called clitoris), longer, with a uretral opening at the tip (usually called penis), or something intermedate. There may be a structure that seems to be a scrotum, lips or something in the center. People can have clitoris and lips but not vagina. There are many types of intersexual variation at anatomical level. There is no accurate data on how many people are endosex and intersex. However, researchers estimate that up to 1 in 200 people can be intersex, which means the rest are endosex. This number depends to some extent on which people are considered endosex and which are not. The estimate of 1 in 200 includes hypospadias and cryptorchidia among intersexual traits. More conservatively, chromosomal abnormalities Klinefelter syndrome (XXY children) and Turner Syndrome (XO) occur in approximately 1 in 500 to 1,000 and 1 in 2,500 live births, respectively. These are two of the most common intersexual conditions for which there is better data. When talking about endosex, there are a number of associated terms that it is useful to understand. Difference or disorder of sexual differentiation: These are conditions that lead to the development of the body in a way that is not clearly categorizable asor woman. They are also known as intersexual conditions. Glands: Glands:The clitoris and the penis are developed from the same embryonic structure, the genital tuber. The glands develop in part of the clitoris or part of the penis depending on whether or not there is exposure to testosterone during prenatal development. It is one of the visible anatomical structures where differences can lead to people who are classified as intersexual at birth. Gónadas: These are the structures that produce most sexual hormones (testosterone, estrogen, progesterone) in the body. They are also where gametes (sperm/egg) are made and matured. A person is exhausted if they don't have gonads. InterSex: This is an adjective that describes someone who was born with a body that could not be clearly categorized as a man or woman. Hinchazón de Laborioscrotal: This is the structure that, depending on the exposure to prenatal hormone, takes a development path to become Labia or scrotum. Sexual chromosomes: humans have 23 pairs of chromosomes, a couple of which are sexual chromosomes. Most people have an X and one or two X chromosomes. However, intersexual people may have different combinations of sexual chromosomes. Why is the term endosex important? Because the alternative is to talk about intersexual variations and classify people without such variations as "normal" or the default value. The truth is that biological sex is not always binary, and both INTERSEX and endosex are the types of development variation. How do we know? Because they exist. Both INTERSEX and ENDOSEX people may have problems with reproductive and sexual function. Both intersexual and endosex people can have full, happy and functional lives. There's nothing intrinsically better or worse because it's intersexis or endosex. 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